Developing rural tourism: the PAT Program and ‘Nong jia le’ tourism in China
edited by Jacqueline Nivard

Rapid development of rural tourism (RT) in China, which is being promoted by the Chinese government.
http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/10301

Shanghai by Françoise Ged
edited by Aurélia Martin

http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/10321

City scale models and their implications
written by Miguel Elosua

Chongqing city scale model at the Chongqing Planning Exhibition Gallery. Photo taken during UrbaChina’s 4th International Conference, which was held in Chongqing from 28 to 30 May.
http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/10462

Commuting tools and residential location of suburbanization: evidence from Beijing
edited by Monique Abud

This paper by two researchers at Renmin University of China, Beijing, ‘studies the relationship between residents’ commuting tools and their residential location during suburbanization’.
http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/10230

http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/
urbachina-edition@services.cnrs.fr
People’s Daily on how to achieve a win-win between China’s urbanisation and environmental protection
edited by Chi-Han Ai

National New Urbanization Plan (2014-2020) (国家新型城镇化规划（2014—2020年）) indicates that environmental protection is an important factor in the Chinese new urbanization. On July 20th, the People's Daily interviewed Vice Minister of Ministry of Environmental Protection Wu Xiaoqing on the environmental problems at the current stage of urbanization in China (The interview is in Chinese.)
http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/10444

European and Asian sustainable towns
edited by Sebastien Goulard

The development of new districts or satellite cities in metropolises is perceived as an attempted solution to provide better homes, answer to housing needs and to solve urban traffic congestion. In the creation of new areas or towns however, the pace of construction and decision making is quicker than elsewhere.
http://urbachina.hypotheses.org/10433
Funded under the European Commission’s Seventh Framework Programme, **UrbaChina** is a collaborative project managed by a consortium of 11 leading Chinese and European research institutions. **UrbaChina** analyses China’s urbanisation trends for the next 40 years and define possible future scenarios with reference to concepts of sustainability.

**Members:**
- CNRS
- East China Normal University
- Development Research Centre
- University of Birmingham
- Chinese Academy of Social Sciences
- LSE
- Chinese Academy of Sciences
- ISIS
- University of Lisbon
- People’s University
- Anhui academy of Environmental Science Research